Safe Work Method Statements

Working from Scaffold

Use of Master Builders Generic Safe Work Method Statements

Disclaimer:

The Master Builders Association of Victoria expressly disclaim all and any liability to any person in respect of anything, and of consequence of anything done or omitted to be done by any or such person in reliance, whether wholly or partially on this generic safe work method statement.

Rules for the use of Master Builders generic SWMS

1. This generic SWMS is provided as a sample. It is not to be used by a builder or subcontractor for the purpose of managing safety on their projects. It can be used as a template to enable builders and subcontractors to produce their own SWMS. Master Builders have carbon copy pads available for sale to enable builders/subcontractors to produce their own SWMS.

2. Employers intending to use this SWMS as a template for their own SWMS must ensure they consult with their employees, including their Health and Safety Representatives, prior to its introduction.

3. Builders and subcontractors must ensure that their SWMS is relevant to the project at hand. Generic SWMS should not be used unless precautions have been taken to ensure that the document adequately addresses the hazards and risks relevant to each particular project.

Builders and subcontractors intending to use this sample SWMS as a template for their own generic SWMS, without making any changes to the detail, must ensure that they adhere to and implement all of the relevant risk controls.

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5. The range of generic SWMS provided by Master Builders are not sufficiently broad enough to cover "all" hazards or risks encountered by builders and subcontractors. It does not cover the full list of requirements for which SWMS are specifically required under the OHS Construction Regulations. It is important that the builder or subcontractor undertake their own hazard identification and risk control process relevant for each particular task.

It is highly recommended that persons who are responsible for preparing and reviewing SWMS undertake training so as to understand the process of identifying and controlling risks in the workplace.

Remember: Each Safe Work Method Statement should be site specific. Include all workers in the development of the Safe Work Method Statement.

All workers should sign off to verify that they understand all the requirements of this Safe Work Method Statement.

NOTE: Work must be performed in accordance with this SWMS. This SWMS must be kept and be available for inspection until the high risk construction work to which this SWMS relates is completed. If the SWMS is revised, all versions should be kept. If a notifiable incident occurs in relation to the high risk construction work in this SWMS, the SWMS must be kept for at least 2 years from the date of the notifiable incident. (PCBU Name, ABN, Office Address and Phone) **Principal Contractor (PC)** (Name, ABN, Office Address) Works Manager: Date SWMS provided to PC: **Contact phone:** Working From Scaffold Work activity: Workplace location: Temporary load-bearing support for structural alterations or Work on or near chemical, fuel or refrigerant lines Risk of a person falling more than 2 **High risk** construction work repairs metres Work in an area with movement of involves: Demolition of load-bearing structure Work in or near water or other liquid that involves a powered mobile plant risk of drowning Work in or near a confined space Diving work Work in or near a shaft or trench deeper than 1.5 m or a tunnel Use of explosives Work on or near pressurised gas mains or piping Likely to involve disturbing asbestos Tilt-up or precast concrete elements Work on, in or adjacent to a road, railway, shipping lane or Work in an area that may have a contaminated or other traffic corridor in use by traffic other than pedestrians flammable atmosphere Work in areas with artificial extremes of temperature Work on or near energised electrical Work on a telecommunication tower installations or services TYES NO Have workers been consulted about the SWMS? Note: Consultation with Health and Safety Representatives (HSRs) should be undertaken where there is a HSR at a workplace Person/s responsible for ensuring compliance with SWMS: Date SWMS received: What measures are in place to ensure compliance with the SWMS? Person responsible for reviewing SWMS control measures: Date SWMS received by reviewer: How will the SWMS control measures be reviewed? **Reviewer's signature: Review date:**

What are the tasks involved?	What are the hazards and risks?	What are the control measures?
List the work tasks in a logical order.	Identify the hazards and risks that may cause harm to workers or the public.	Describe what will be done to control the risk. What will you do to make the activity as safe as possible?
Access and egress	Obstructions, trip hazards	Access & Egress points to remain clear at all times. Be aware of surroundings, keep materials & equipment in designated areas Clean, clear, put away unused equipment, tools and debris
Working on scaffold - mobile and fixed	Falls from scaffold. Materials and other debris falling and striking people below.	Correct erection of scaffold according to manufacturer's specifications will be carried out. Ensure a handover certificate is supplied by the scaffold supply company. Regularly check the integrity of shadecloth.
		No alterations can be made to the scaffold except by a licensed scaffolder.
		Minor alterations only e.g. movement of hop-ups and temporary removal of handrails or planks for the purpose of placement of loads.
	Collapse due to overloading	No structural alterations to be made without designers approval.
		Ensure regular documented inspections are carried out.
		Inspections should also be carried out after inclement weather conditions.
	Electrical leads on decks. Risk of electrocution and tripping.	Scafftags positioned at each scaffold entrance indicating the duty rating. Do not overload the scaffold. Check maximum load rating per bay prior to placing concentrated loads.
		All leads will be suspended from insulated lead hooks on the scaffold areas. Do not wind leads around handrails, ties or v-pressings. All leads, power boxes and tools to have current test tags on them.
	Slips, trips and falls	Ensure scaffold decks are cleared on a regular basis. Do not allow debris to build up.

	Ledgers, transoms and bracing that are below 2m in height to be padded and
Workers striking head on low points	visually identified with hazard tape.

Name of Worker/s	Worker signature/s
Date SWMS received by workers	

PLEASE NOTE: It may be necessary to use more than one page to complete an adequate safe work method statement (SWMS).